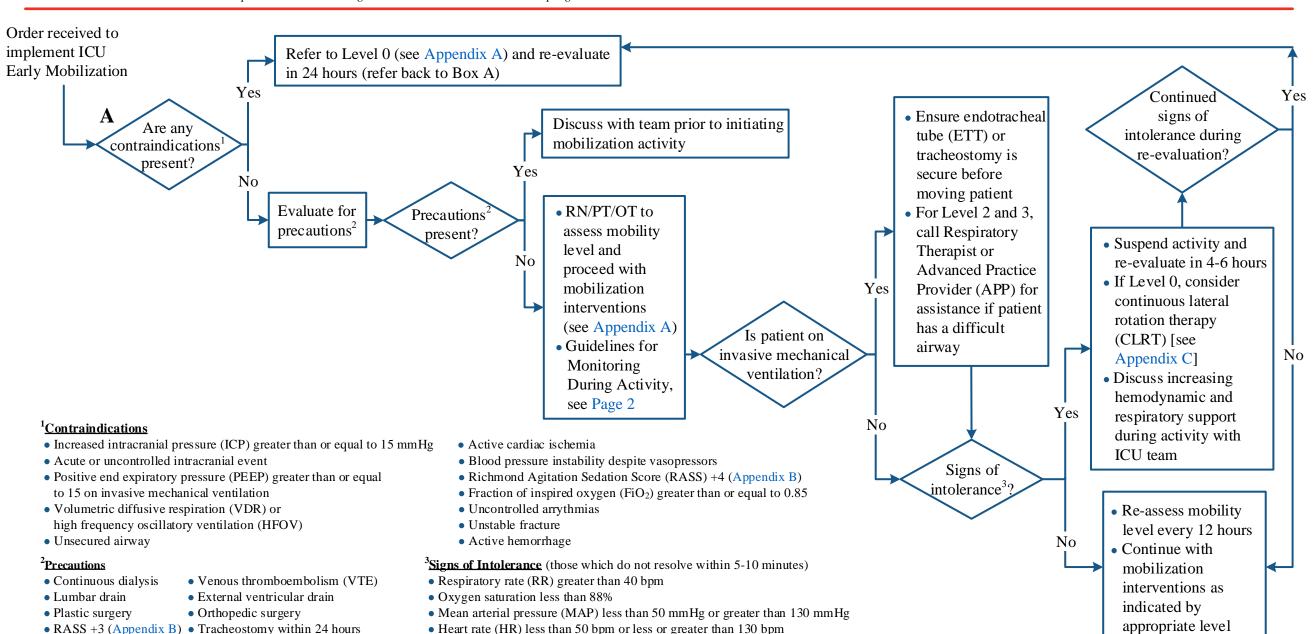


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MD Anderson ICU Adult Early Mobilization

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Department of Clinical Effectiveness V4

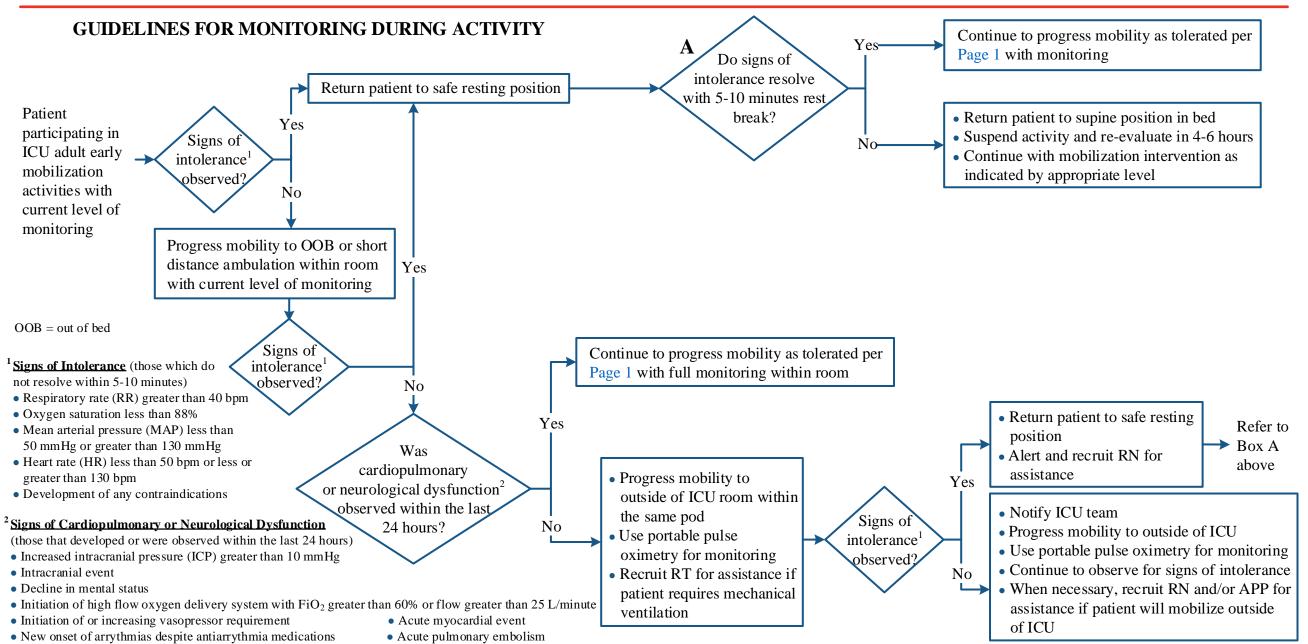
• Development of any contraindications

Difficult airway

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• Blood pressure instability with MAP less than 65 mmHg or greater than 110 mmHg Copyright 2018 The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center Approved by the Executive Committee of the Medical Staff on 06/26/2018



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APPENDIX A: Mobility Levels

Level 0

 $RASS^1$ -5 to +2 Functional Level: Total Assist²

Interventions

- Attempt manual turn to lateral position
- Pre-oxygenate
- Use slow speed of turn
- Use wedge, start with 15 degree turn, hold for 15 seconds; if tolerance criteria met, increase to 30 degrees for 15 seconds; if tolerated, increase to 45 degrees
- Weight shift patient every hour
- Reposition head, arms and legs every hour with heel elevation
- PROM twice a day x 10 repetitions
- Daily implementation of Morning Bundle³

Level 1

 $RASS^1$ -5 to +2 Functional Level: Total Assist²

Interventions

- PROM twice daily x 10 repetitions with nursing staff
- Reposition every 2 hours by nursing staff
- Heel elevation
- Bed in chair position twice a day by nursing staff greater than 20 minutes but less than 2 hours
- Skilled therapeutic interventions by PT/OT as indicated
- Daily implementation of Morning Bundle³

Level 2

 $RASS^1$ -2 to +2 Functional Level: **Maximum to Moderate Assist**²

Interventions

- ROM exercises twice daily with family/nursing staff x 10 repetitions
- Reposition every 2 hours by nursing staff
- Heel elevation
- Bed in chair position twice a day by nursing staff greater than 20 minutes but less than 2 hours
- OOB to neuro chair greater than 30 minutes but less than 2 hours
- Skilled therapeutic interventions by PT/OT as indicated
- Participate in ADL
- Daily implementation of Morning Bundle³

Level 3

 $RASS^1 -1 to +2$ Functional Level: **Moderate Assist to Supervision²**

Interventions

- Home exercise program twice a day
- Reposition every 2 hours while in bed
- Heel elevation
- OOB to bedside chair with nursing three times a day greater than 30 minutes but less than 2 hours
- Ambulate as directed by PT/OT
- Skilled therapeutic interventions by PT/OT as indicated
- Participate in ADL
- Daily implementation of Morning Bundle³

¹Refer to Appendix B for scale definition

²Total Assist (patient performs 0-24%) Maximum Assist (patient performs 25-49%) Moderate Assist (patient performs 50-74%) Minimal Assist (patient performs 75-99%) Supervision (assist patient with set up and/or cuing) ³ Morning Bundle Components:

Bv 8 AM:

- Lights on
- Window shades up
- Head of bed (HOB) elevated
- Sedation holiday

By 10 AM:

• Up in chair position or OOB to chair

PROM = passive range of motion

ROM = range of motion

OOB = out of bed

ADL = activities of daily living

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APPENDIX B: Richmond Agitation Sedation Scale (RASS)

| +4 | Combative | Overly combative, violent, immediate danger to staff |
|----|-------------------|---|
| +3 | Very agitated | Pulls or removes tube(s) or catheter(s); aggressive |
| +2 | Agitated | Frequent, non-purposeful movement, fights ventilator |
| +1 | Restless | Anxious, but movements not aggressive or vigorous |
| 0 | Alert and calm | - |
| -1 | Drowsy | Not fully alert, but has sustained awakening (eye-opening/eye contact) to voice (greater than or equal to 10 seconds) |
| -2 | Light sedation | Briefly awakens with eye contact to voice (less than 10 seconds) |
| -3 | Moderate sedation | Movement or eye openings to voice (but no eye contact) |
| -4 | Deep sedation | No response to voice, but movement or eye opening to physical stimulation |
| -5 | Unarousable | Unarousable |

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APPENDIX C: Continuous Lateral Rotation Therapy (CLRT)

CLRT for hemodynamically unstable patients

- Maintain head of bed (HOB) greater than or equal to 15 degrees and 15 degrees reverse Trendelenberg position (to achieve 30 degrees)
- CLRT 18 hours per day, minimum of 6 complete rotations (optimally 8-10 rotations)
- Use training mode, or if not tolerated, set rotation at 60% and pause two minutes for right/left/center (minimum settings)
- Monitor that one lung is above the other lung with a turn. If not, increase rotation percentage as tolerated.
- Increase pause to one minute as patient adjusts
- Every 2 hours, check to ensure that the patient is in optimal position to promote effective turn. Shoulders should be aligned with the lung picture on the bed.
- Use custom settings to adjust for body types



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DEVELOPMENT CREDITS

This practice consensus statement is based on majority expert opinion of the ICU Adult Early Mobilization experts at the University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center for the patient population. These experts included:

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